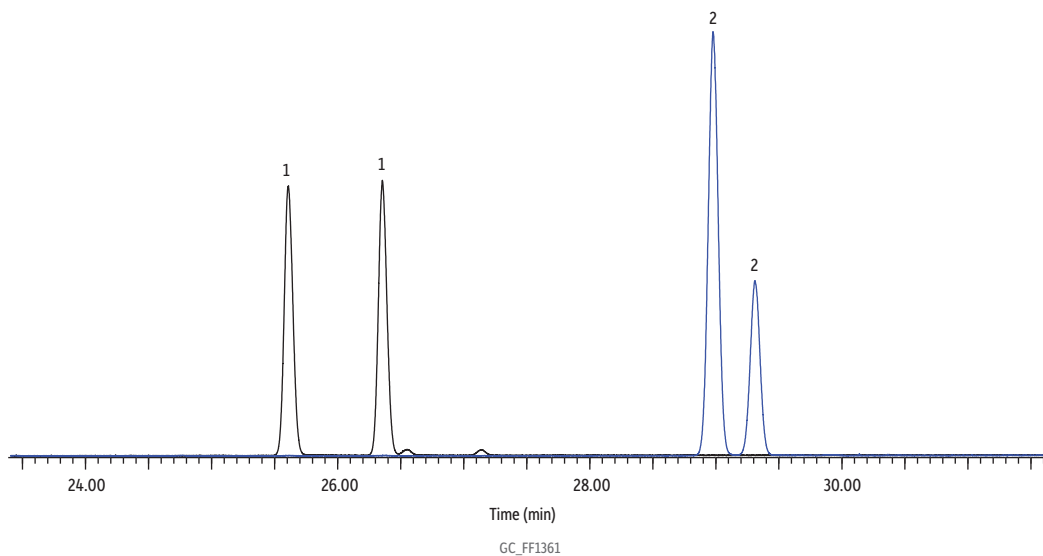


(±) Linalool and (±) Linalyl Acetate on Rt-βDEXse



Peaks	tr 1	tr 2
1. (±) Linalool	25.688	26.651
2. (±) Linalyl acetate	29.166	29.494

Column Rt-βDEXse, 30 m, 0.32 mm ID, 0.25 μm (cat.# 13106)

Standard/Sample (±) Linalool
(±) Linalyl acetate

Diluent: Acetone
Conc.: 1000 μg/mL

Injection

Inj. Vol.: 1 μL split (split ratio 100:1)
Liner: Topaz 4.0 mm ID Precision inlet liner w/ wool (cat.# 23305)
Inj. Temp.: 210 °C

Oven

Oven Temp.: 40 °C (hold 1 min) to 230 °C at 2 °C/min (hold 3 min)

Carrier Gas Hz, constant flow

Linear Velocity: 80 cm/sec @ 40 °C

Detector FID @ 230 °C

Constant Column

+ Constant Make-up: 51.4 mL/min

Make-up Gas Type: Nz

Hydrogen flow: 40 mL/min

Air flow: 400 mL/min

Data Rate: 50 Hz

Instrument Agilent 7890A GC

Sample Preparation (±) Linalool and (±) linalyl acetate (neat) were dissolved in acetone to a final concentration of 1000 ppm in 2 mL, screw-thread vials (cat.# 21143), and capped with short-cap, screw-vial closures (cat.# 24495).

Notes

This is a composite chromatogram of (±) linalool and (±) linalyl acetate. (±) Linalool enantiomeric resolution was 5.9, and (±) linalyl acetate enantiomeric resolution was 2.3.